## **The Four Steps of The Curricular Review Process**

This grid gives you a comprehensive view of the curricular review process for any subject.

Step	Action	Deliverables	Timeframe	Responsible Party
Preparing	<ul> <li>Collect feedback from teachers, administrators, and other curriculum experts on campus.</li> <li>Create a subject-specific survey for the area(s) of review.</li> <li>Probe for strengths and weaknesses; concise but open-ended is best.</li> <li>Analyze, summarize, and share results.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Survey results report (easily exported from most digital survey tools such as Google and Microsoft Forms).</li> <li>Written summary/analysis: bullet point general trends that emerge as strengths and areas of weakness.</li> </ol>	Early spring	Instructional Leader (Head of school/ Headmaster, Director of Curriculum, AP of Curriculum, etc.)
	<ul> <li>Review curriculum documentation systematically and comprehensively.</li> <li>Consider current scope and sequence for subject area.</li> <li>Review adopted and/or relevant standards (Common Core, State Standards, etc.).</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Updated curriculum documentation (attention given to pacing concerns, identified gaps, and general trends shared by teachers).</li> <li>If needed, list areas of concern and needs that warrant consideration throughout the process.</li> </ol>	Late spring – early summer	
	<ul> <li>Collect additional information for the review process. Information includes, but is not limited to, the following:</li> <li>Possible new standards that will be adopted.</li> <li>Standardized testing scores for the subject area.</li> <li>Final student grade reports by student for the subject under review.</li> <li>List of best practices and research in the subject area.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Synthesize the information in a basic report of:         <ul> <li>a. Brief gap analysis of standards vs. current curriculum.</li> <li>b. Relevant standardized testing results, including: a) comparative analysis of national performance, b) relevant trends, and c) interpretation of results vis-à-vis curricular strengths and weaknesses.</li> <li>c. Summary of current best practices and research in the subject area.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Create a plan to make the resources gathered from this stage available for your committee in the next stage (either hard copies or a digital shared folder).</li> </ol>	Summer	

Note: This timeline assumes a fiscal year that begins in July. Adjust accordingly for your timing.

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Working	Hold the <b>initial meeting with your review</b> <b>committee,</b> making sure all results of the preparation stage are available for consideration.	1. Strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, and threats (SWOT) analysis and summary.	August	Committee
	Research and <b>identify possible curriculum</b> options that support the identified needs assessment.	<ol> <li>Names of curriculum options submitted to the committee leader.</li> <li>The committee leader will obtain preview copies of any texts or other resources as needed.</li> <li>The committee leader will prepare copies of the Curriculum Evaluation Form before the next meeting</li> </ol>	September	
	The committee will meet—in one or two meetings—to <b>assess curricular options</b> that were ordered for review.	<ol> <li>Completed Curricular Material Evaluation Forms for each option and by each member of the committee individually.</li> <li>Small group recommendations of the top choice for adoption, accompanied by a short rationale.</li> <li>Before the next stage, the committee leader will review, summarize, and prepare a proposal for the committee to review.</li> </ol>	November – December	
Deciding	Committee will have a final meeting to review and make a <b>formal</b> <b>recommendation</b> .	1. A final recommendation is made by the full committee, accompanied by a written rationale.	January	Committee
	A <b>final administrative adoption</b> <b>decision</b> is made.	<ol> <li>The decision-makers for curriculum and resource purchase should review the committee recommendation and all committee work to make a final decision.</li> <li>Plan a celebratory thank you event for the committee.</li> </ol>	January – February	Instructional Leader & Team (whoever is the final decision maker for adoption)

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Implementing	Create a <b>plan for ordering resources</b> that consider early access for classroom teachers.	<ol> <li>Compile all information for ordering the resources. Determine a timeline based on the type of resource and needed lead time.</li> <li>Obtain access to teacher editions or preview copies that will be available before summer break.</li> </ol>	February	Principal or Instructional Leader
	Create a <b>plan for training and orienting</b> <b>teachers</b> to the new resources.	<ol> <li>A written plan of training days for teachers (PD days, summer, in-service for the fall).</li> <li>Designate a point person(s) to lead the adoption. This will be the main person to field questions from teachers and fact- find as needed.</li> <li>Meet with teachers impacted by the new adoption to inform them about curriculum resource choices and the plan for implementation.</li> <li>A plan and schedule for orienting other stakeholders about the change, if needed.</li> </ol>	February – March	Instructional Leader & Team (Head of School/ Headmaster, Director of Curriculum, AP of Curriculum, etc.)
	Pre-determine <b>check-in points</b> throughout at least the first year of implementation.	<ol> <li>Create a plan for next year that considers individual and group check-ins with teachers</li> <li>Ensure a time or plan for updating school- wide curriculum documentation, such as curriculum maps, website, etc.</li> </ol>	March - August and Beyond	